

Annotation and Nomenclature: A Zebrafish Example



Ingo Braasch, Julian Catchen and John Postlethwait



UNIVERSITY OF OREGON



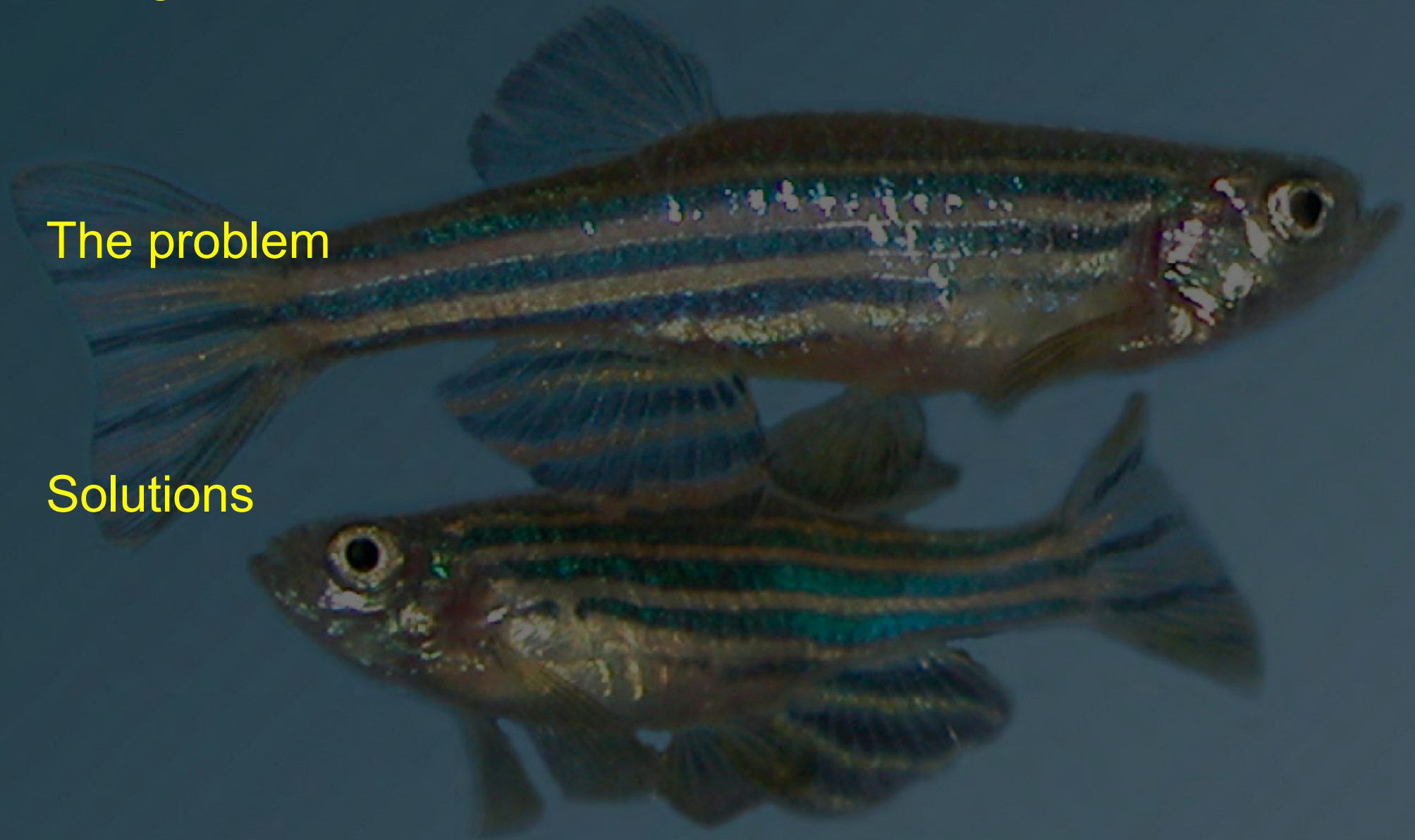
**National Center for
Research Resources**

Annotation and Nomenclature: An Example: Zebrafish

The goal

The problem

Solutions



Annotation and Nomenclature: An Example: Zebrafish

The goal

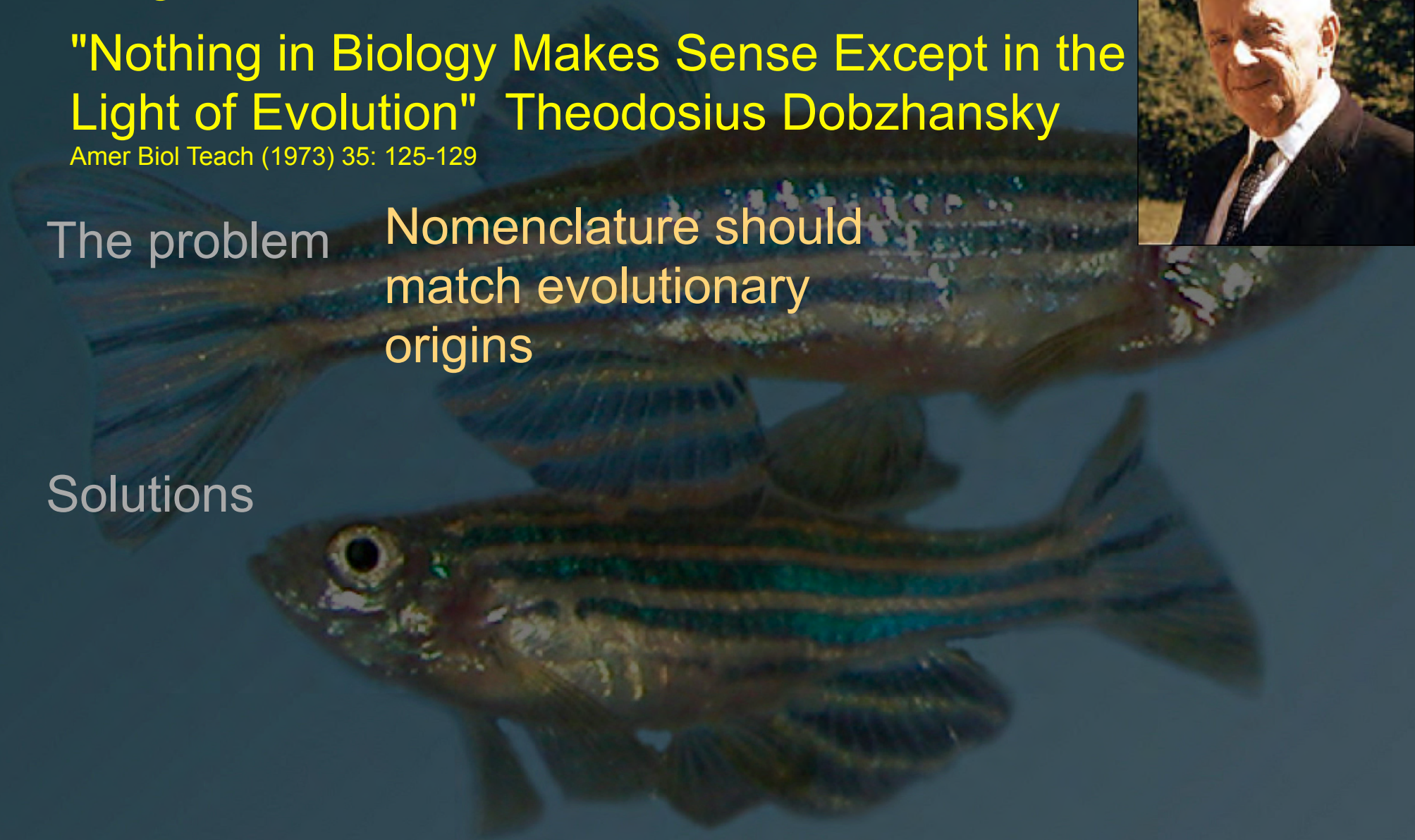
"Nothing in Biology Makes Sense Except in the Light of Evolution" Theodosius Dobzhansky

Amer Biol Teach (1973) 35: 125-129



The problem Nomenclature should
match evolutionary
origins

Solutions



The goal

"Nothing in Biology Light of Evolution"

Amer Biol Teach (1973) 35: 125-129

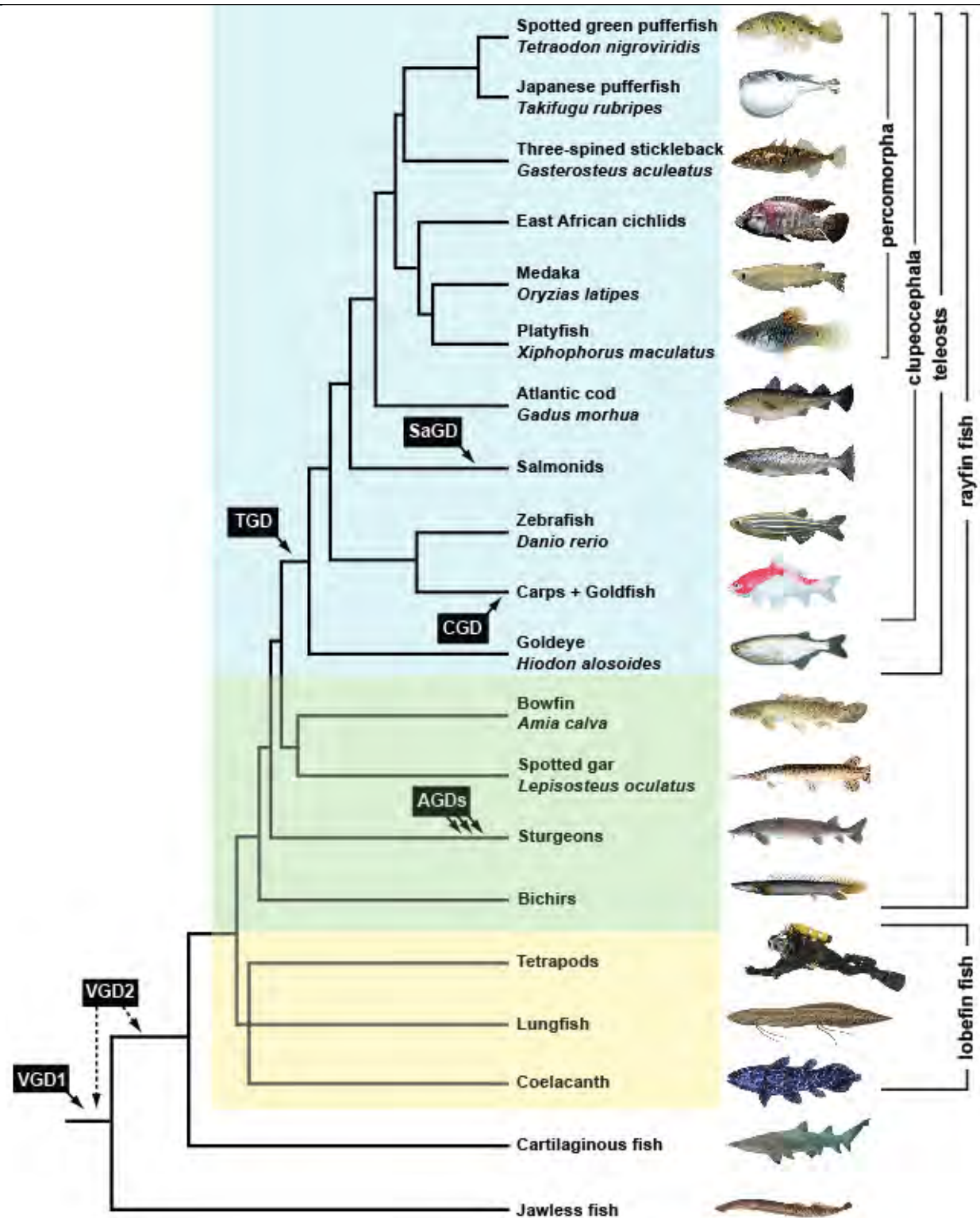
Nomenclature should
match evolutionary
origins

Gene names should
connect fish genes to
the human genome

The problem

Genome duplication

Gene losses

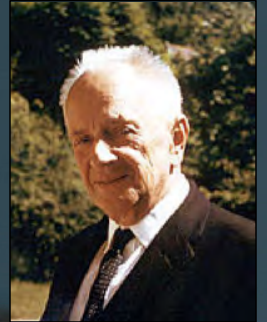


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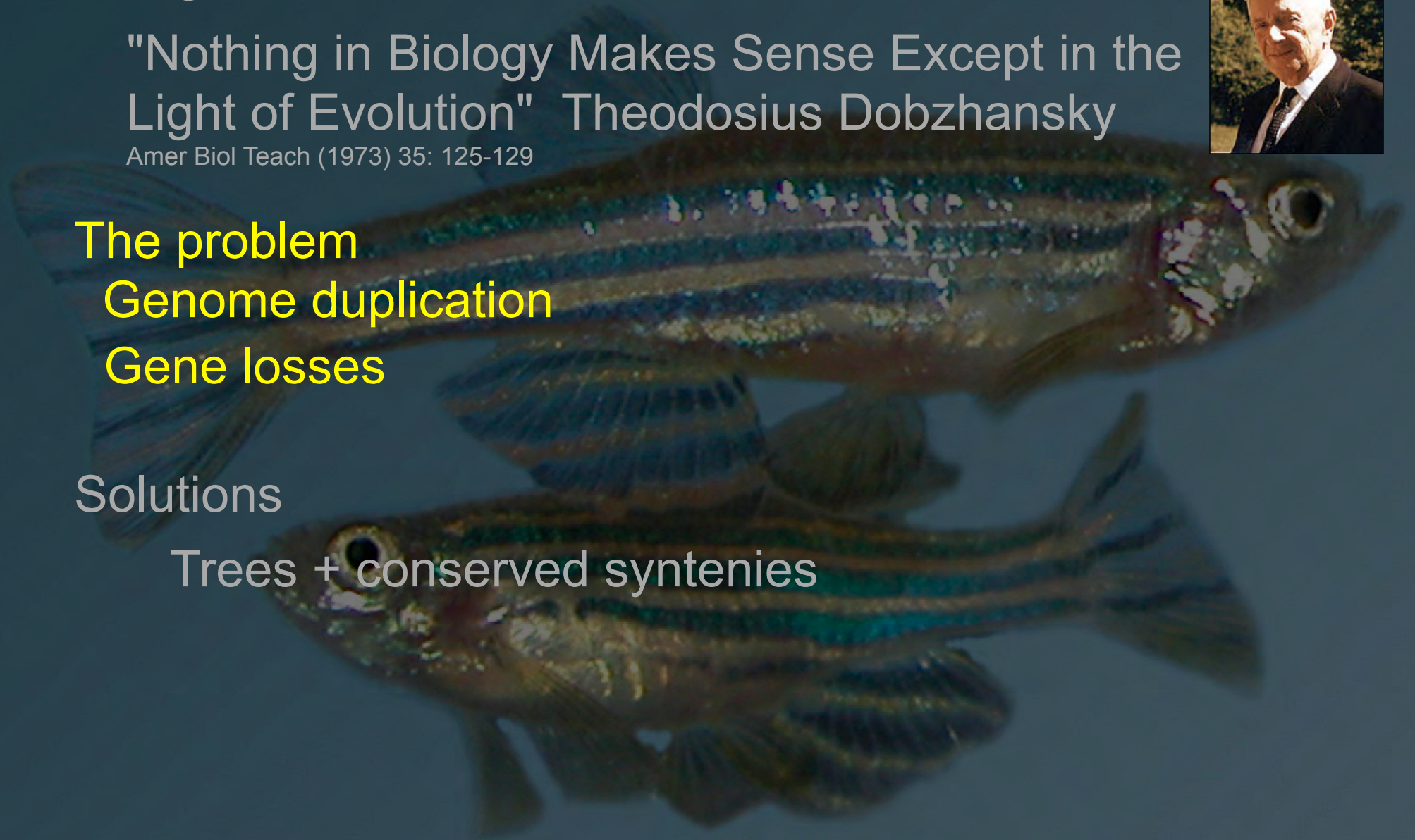
The problem

Genome duplication

Gene losses

Solutions

Trees + conserved syntenies



The problem

Genome duplication

Gene losses

A. No gene loss



R1



$g2$



Ohnologs: paralogs from
genome duplication



Susumu Ohno

The problem

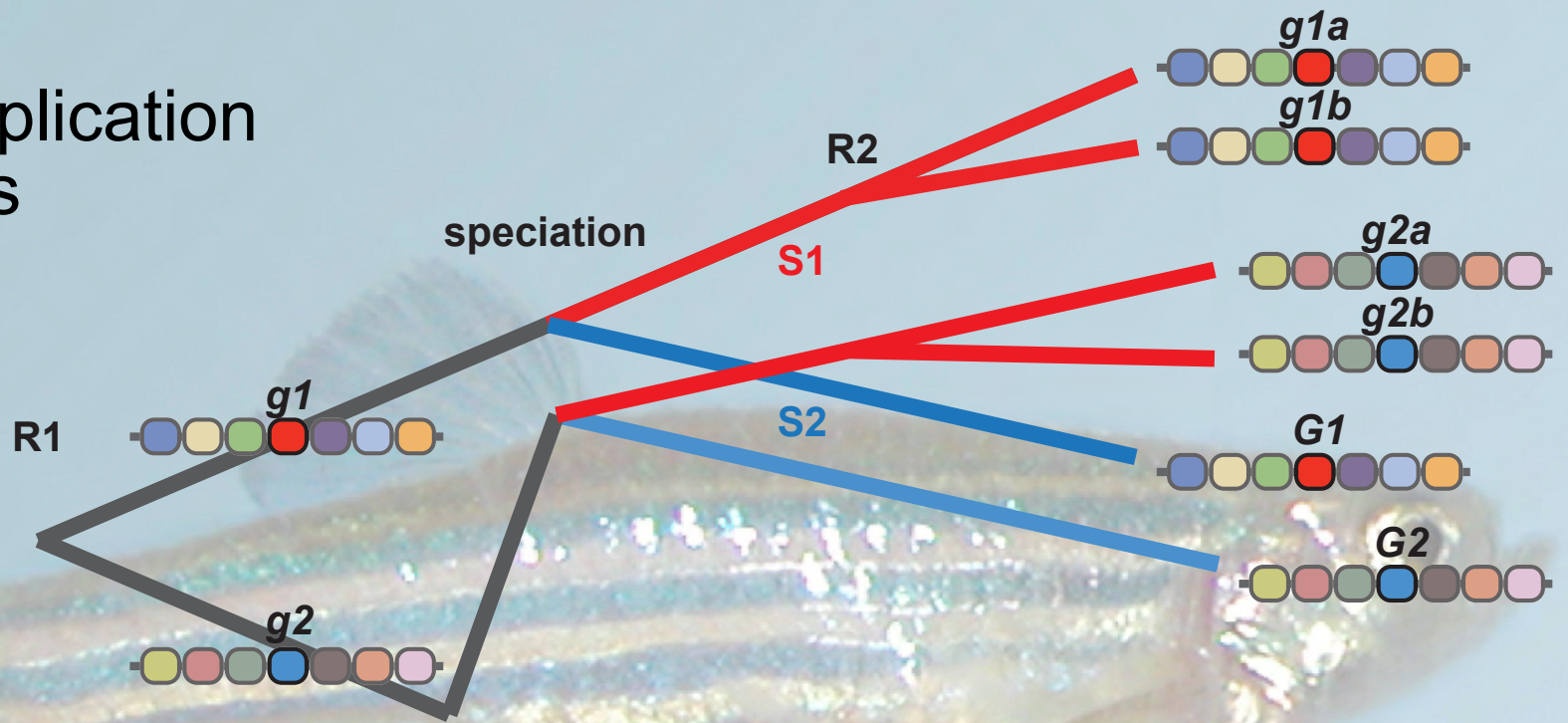
Genome duplication

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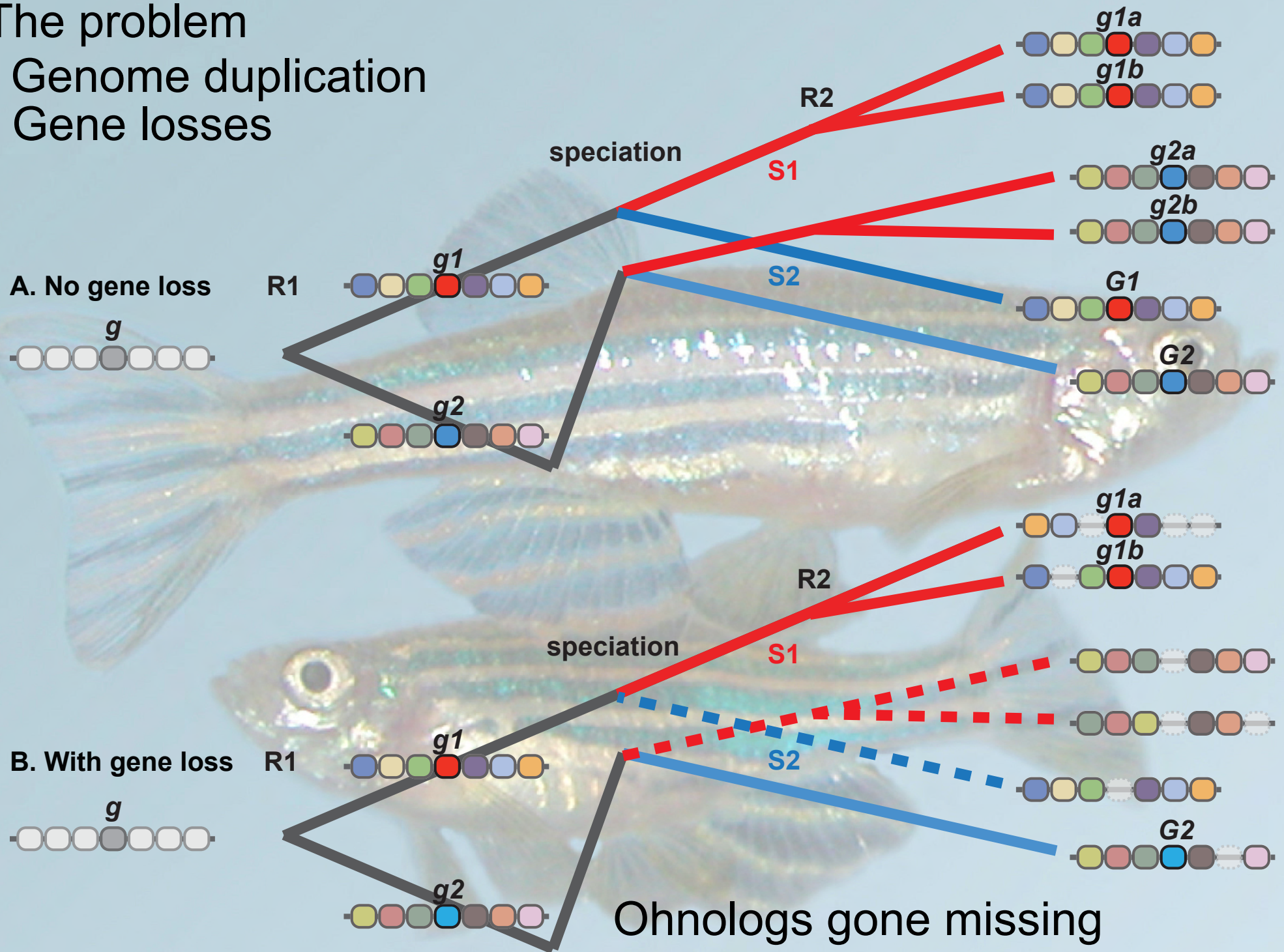


Ohnologs: paralogs from
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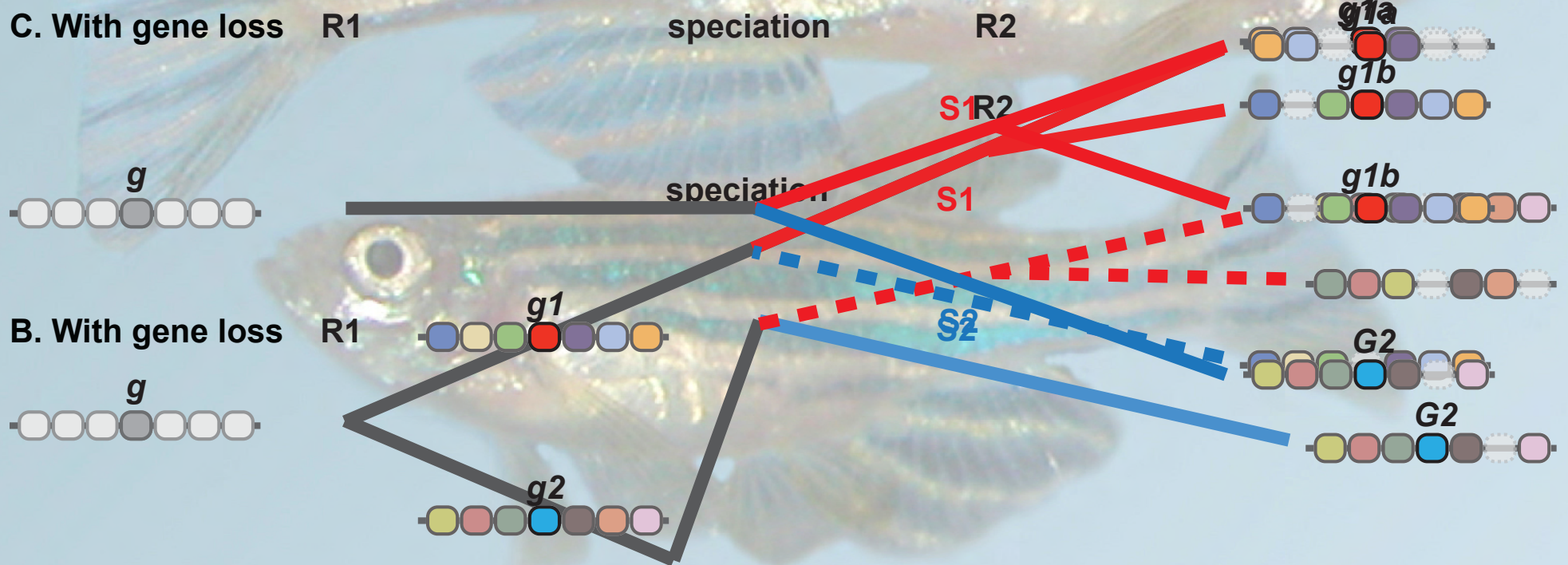
Gene losses



The problem

Genome duplication

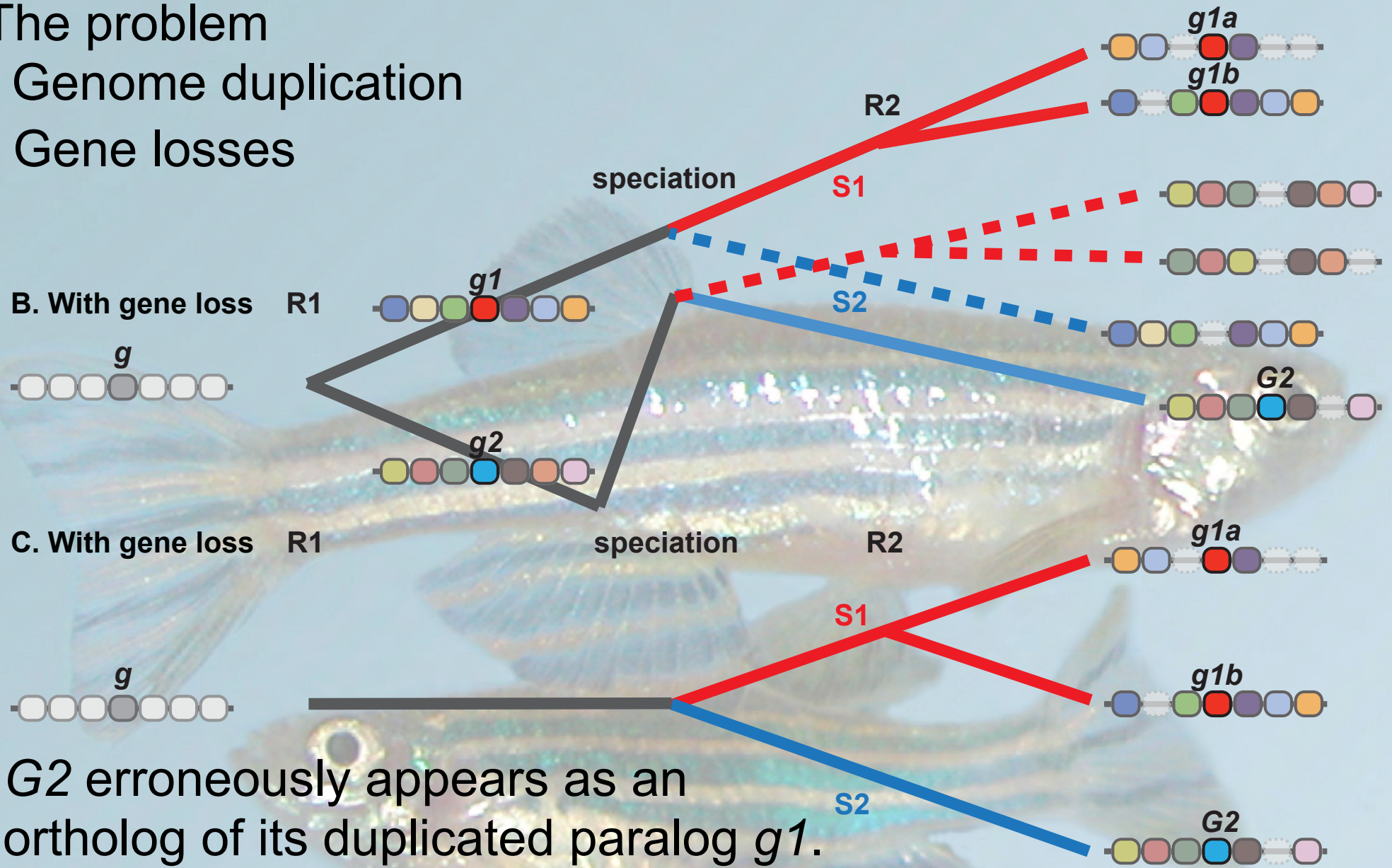
Gene losses



The problem

Genome duplication

Gene losses



G2 erroneously appears as an ortholog of its duplicated paralog *g1*.

Thus, the entire region must be used to determine origins and hence nomenclature.

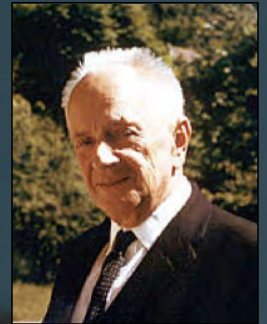
=> conserved syntenies

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The problem

Genome duplication

Gene losses: Ohnologs gone missing



Solutions

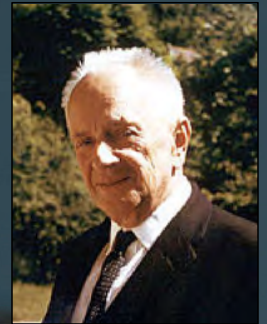
Trees + conserved syntenies

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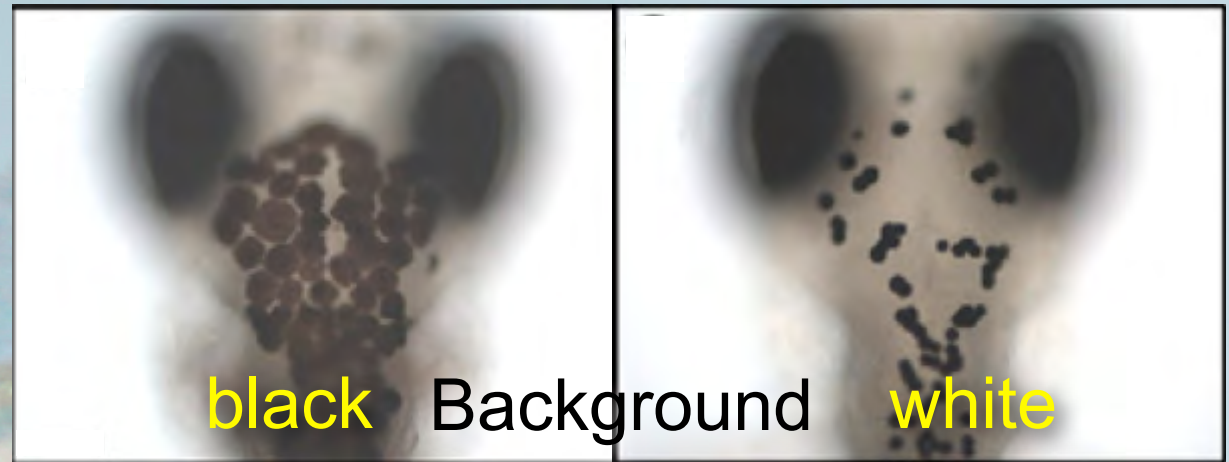
Solutions

Trees + conserved syntenies

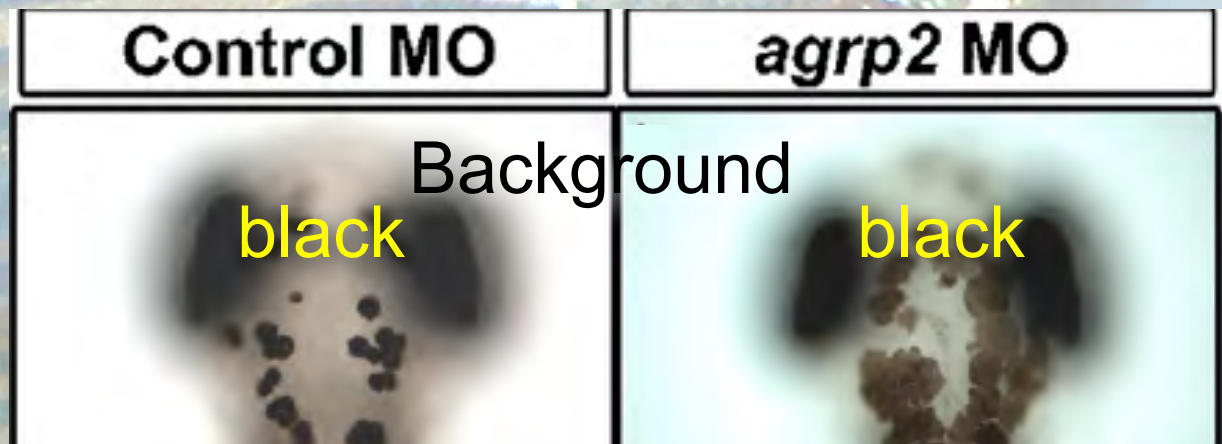
Solutions

Trees + conserved syntenies

Teleosts can adjust
to background color



Zhang found a novel
agouti-related gene
agrp2 necessary for
background adaptation



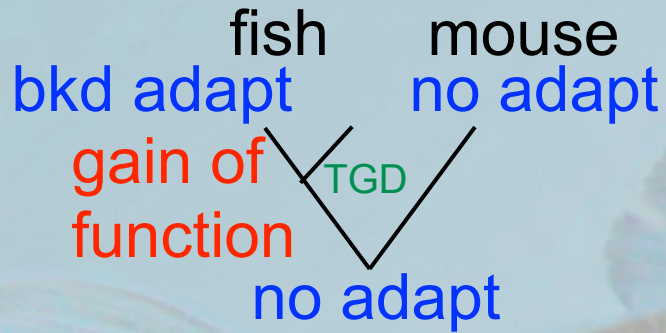
Zhang et al. (2010) PNAS 107:

they imply that this is a novel function that arose in teleosts

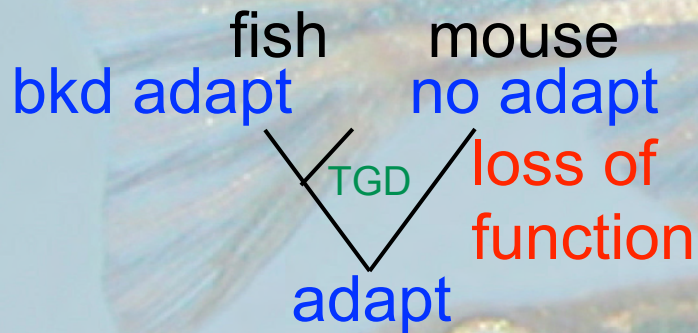
(22), and thus far seems unique to teleost fishes. This gene is likely to have arisen from the genome duplication that occurred during teleost phylogeny (35). In this study, we demonstrate a physio-

they imply that this is a novel function that arose in teleosts

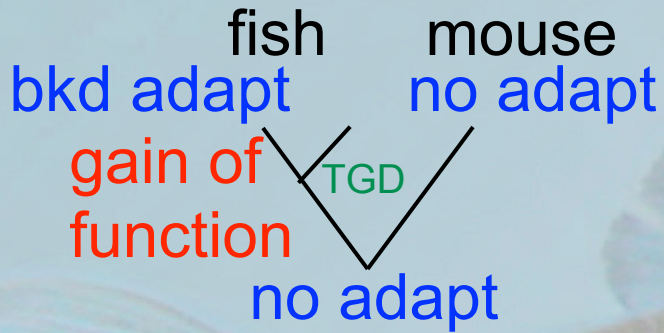
Hypothesis 1



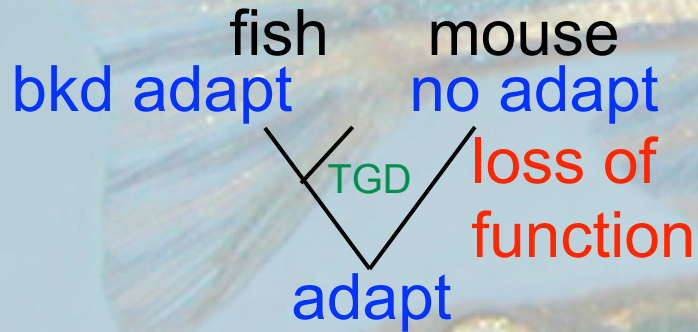
Hypothesis 2



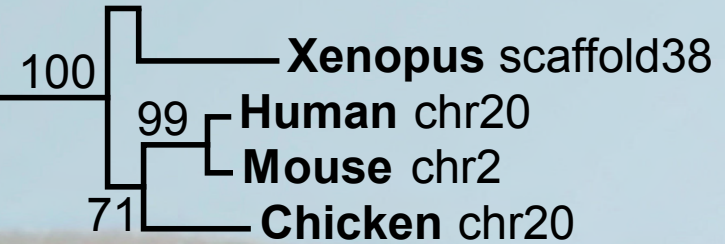
Hypothesis 1



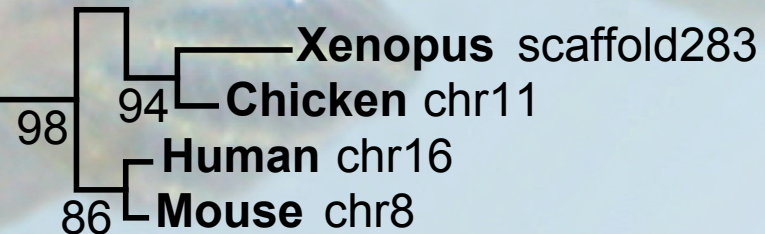
Hypothesis 2



Tetrapods have 2 agouti related genes

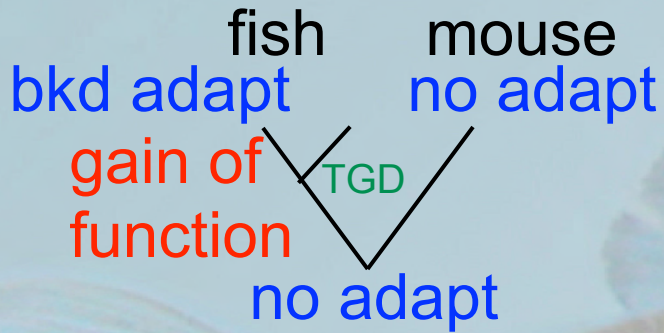


Asip

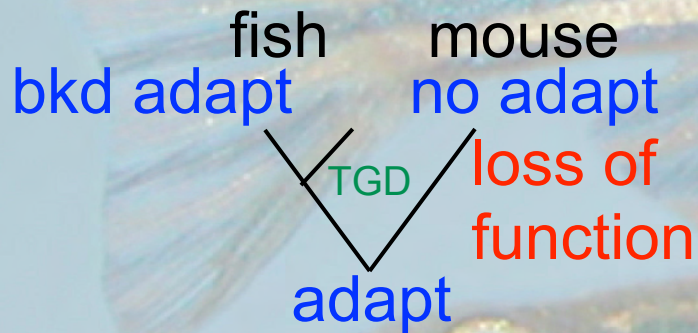


Agrp

Hypothesis 1



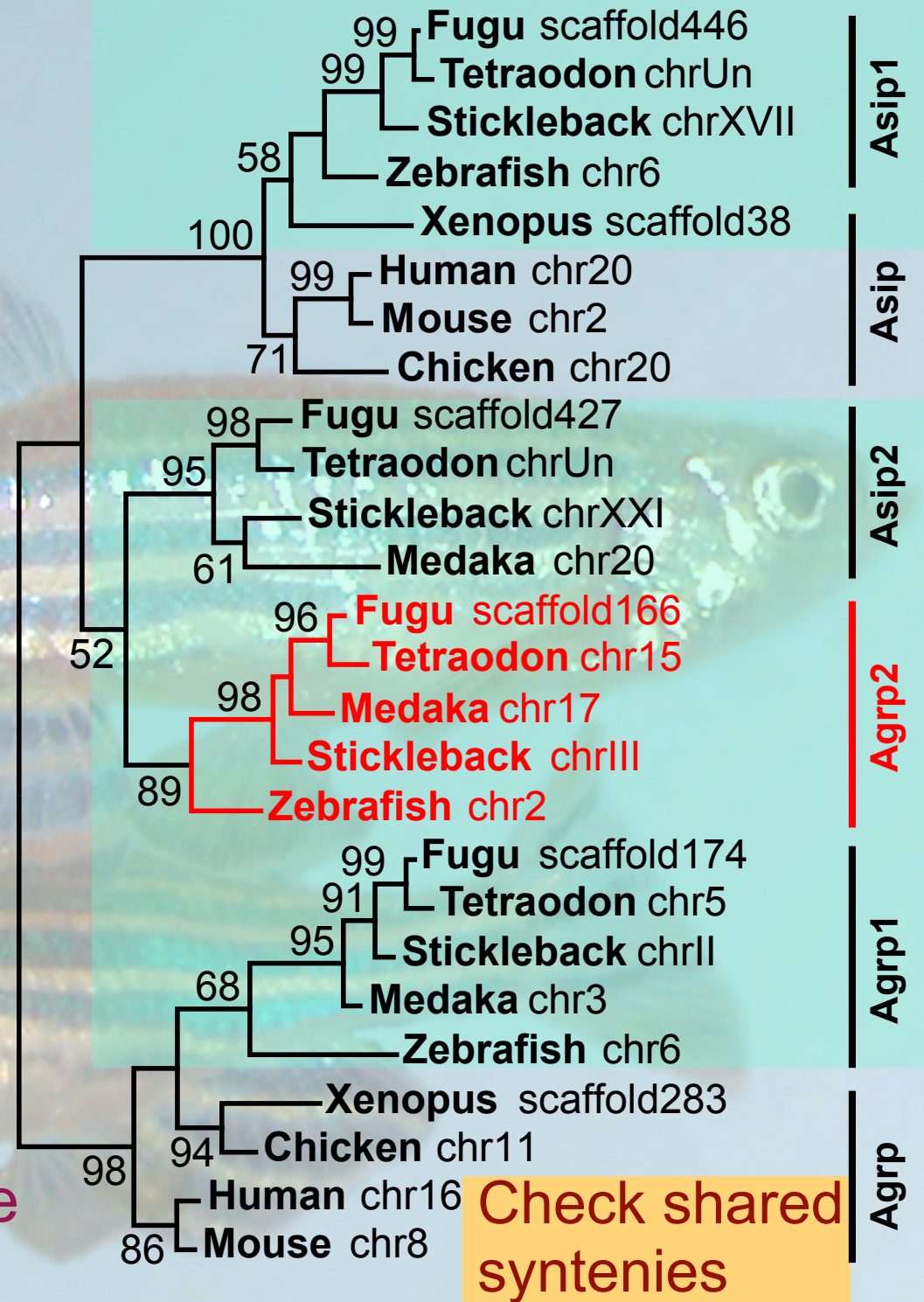
Hypothesis 2



Tetrapods have 2 agouti related genes

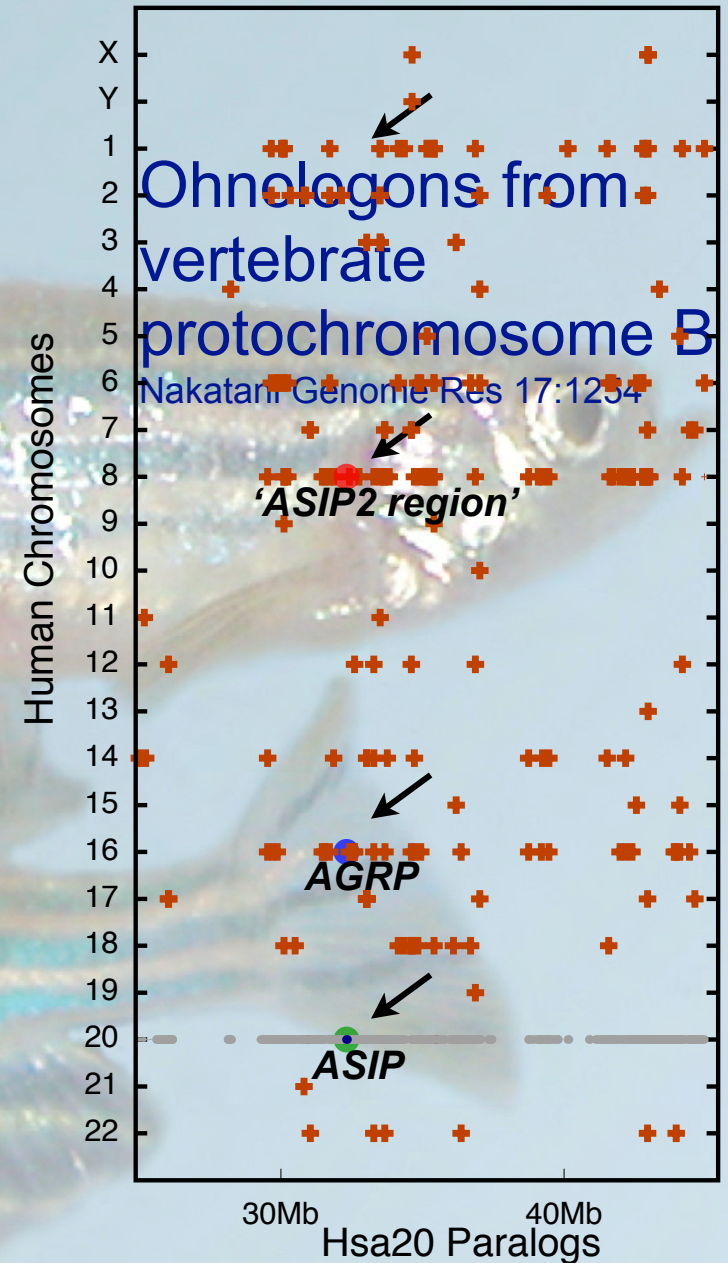
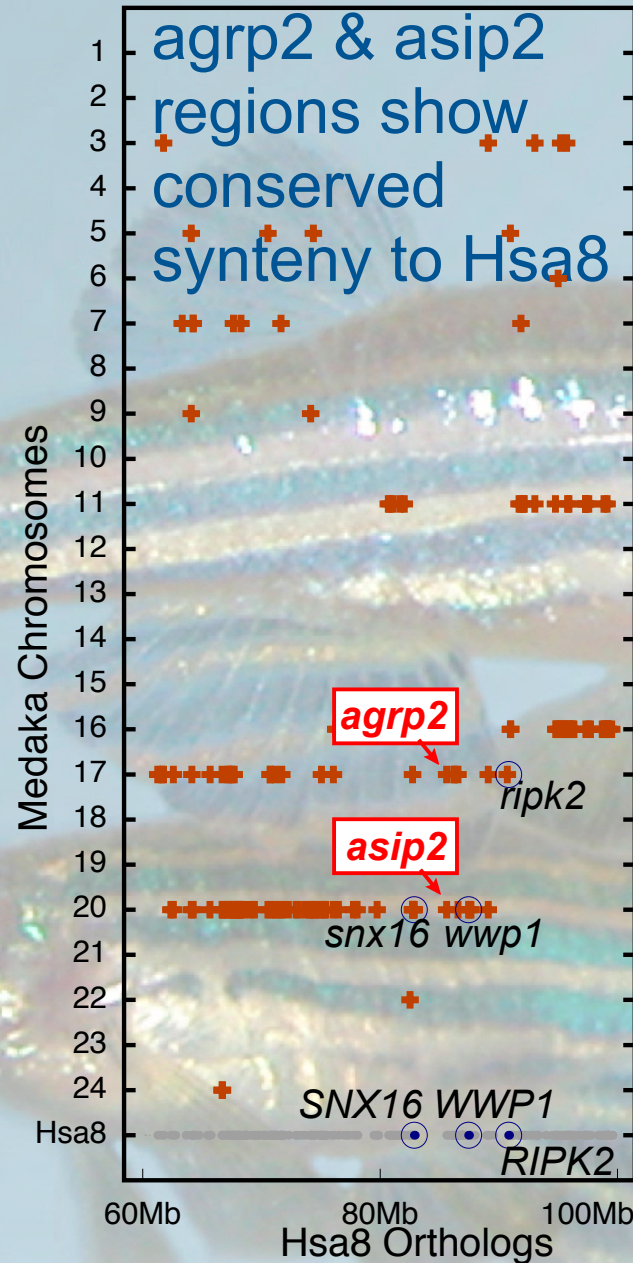
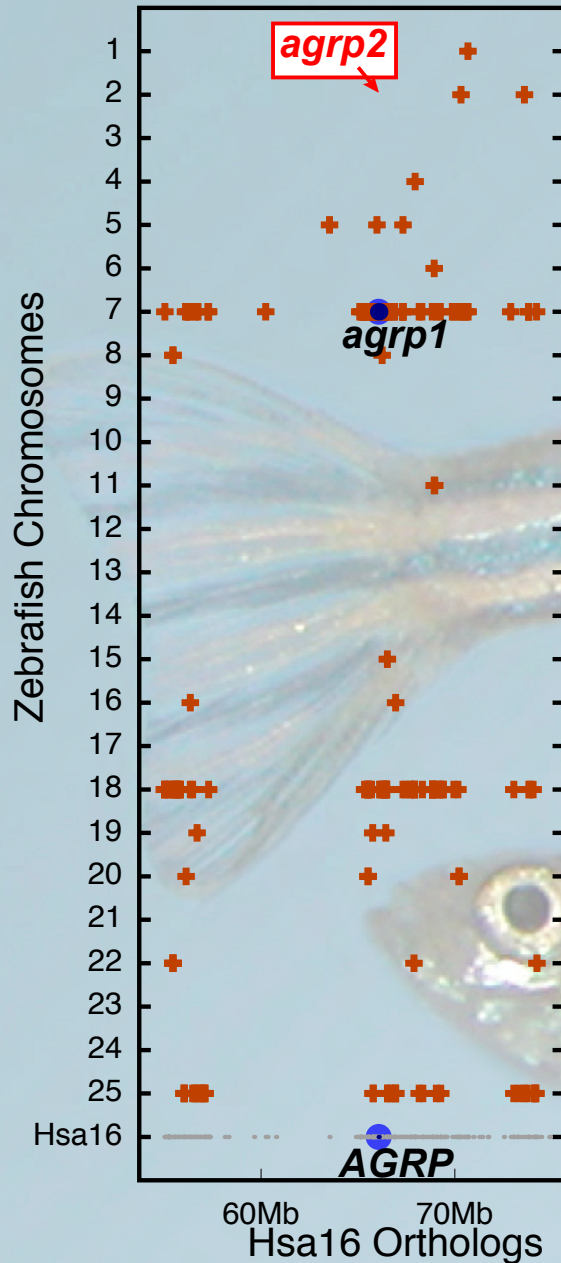
Teleosts have 4

Tree suggests nomenclature problems



agrp2 neighborhood does not share synteny with teleost *agrp1* or with tetrapod *AgRP*

Check shared synteny



Hypothesis 1

fish mouse

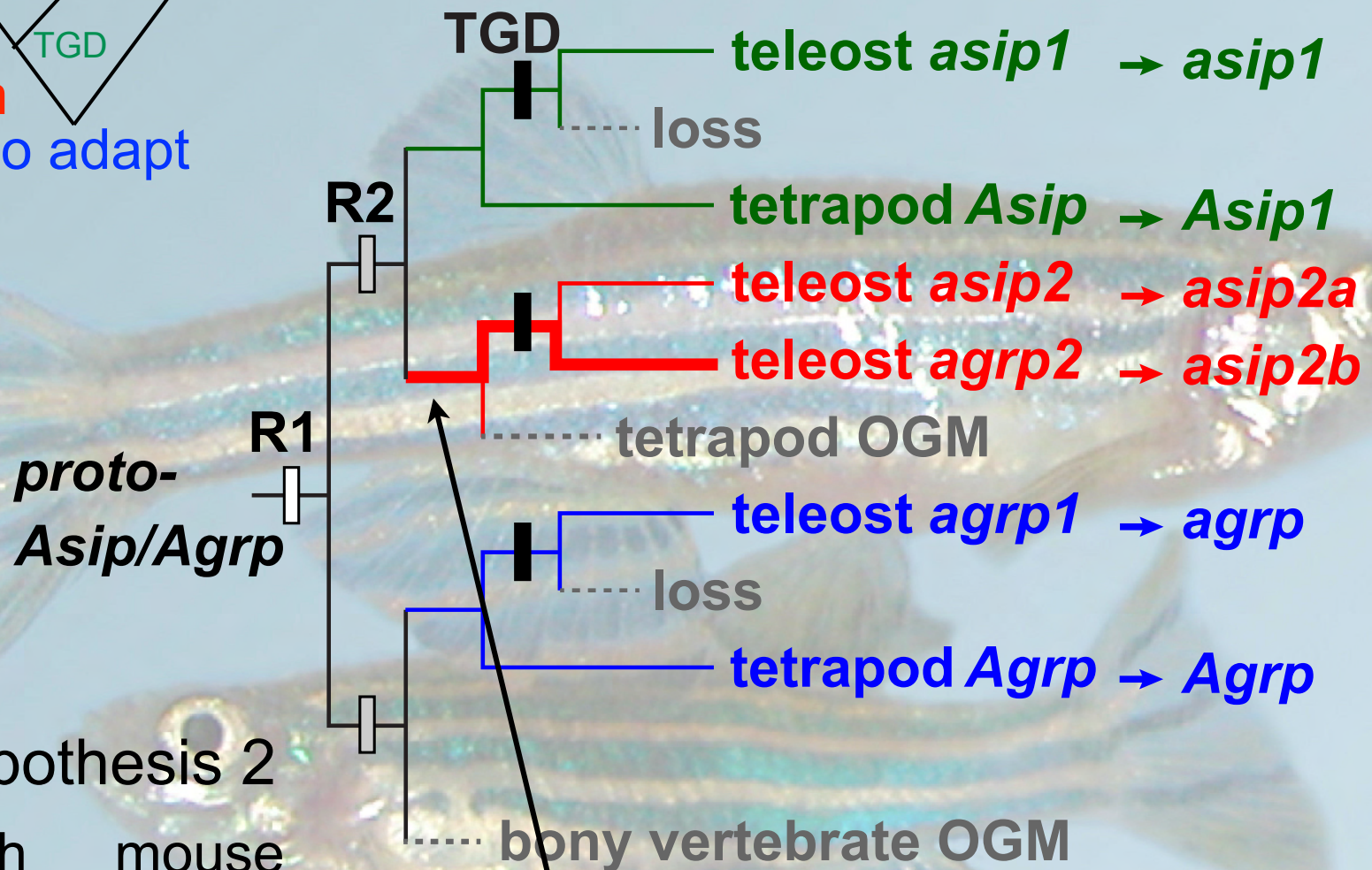
bkd adapt no adapt

gain of function TGD

no adapt

Old nomenclature

Nomenclature in light of evolution



Adapting to background could have originated much earlier

Braasch (2011) Proc Natl Acad Sci 108:E47-8.

Hypothesis 2

fish mouse

bkd adapt no adapt

TGD

loss of function

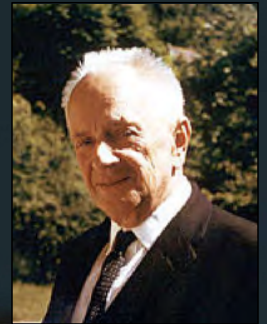
adapt

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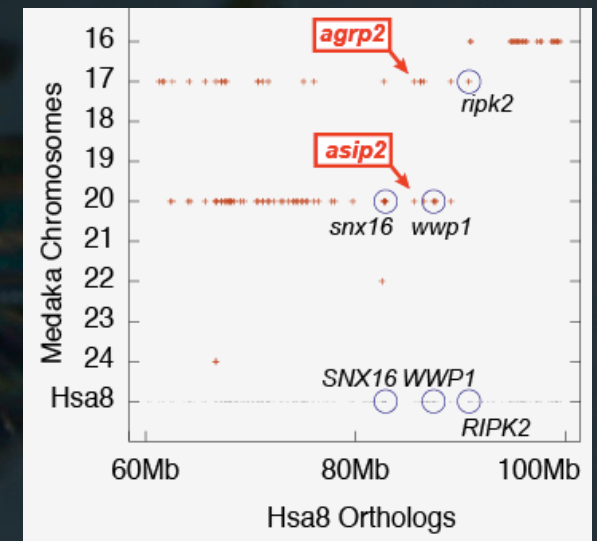
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